# DYC (TRADING) LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Mr G Thorpe

Mr P Smith (Appointed 26 March 2024)

Secretary Ms H Jacob

Company number 14500135

Registered office Old Bank Chambers

582-586 Kingsbury Road

Erdington Birmingham West Midlands B24 9ND

Accountants Limited T/A Trevor Jones & Co

Old Bank Chambers 582-586 Kingsbury Road

Erdington Birmingham B24 9ND

Business address 22 South Embankment

Dartmouth Devon TQ6 9BB

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2024.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of the provision of bar and restaurant services.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr A P Baker (Resigned 29 February 2024)
Mr G Thorpe

Mr P Smith (Appointed 26 March 2024)

#### **Small companies exemption**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board	
Mr P Smith Director	
Date:	

# ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF DYC (TRADING) LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of DYC (Trading) Limited for the year ended 30 September 2024 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at https://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of DYC (Trading) Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 25 April 2023. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of DYC (Trading) Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of DYC (Trading) Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than DYC (Trading) Limited and its board of directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that DYC (Trading) Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of DYC (Trading) Limited. You consider that DYC (Trading) Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of DYC (Trading) Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

#### LMH Accountants Limited T/A Trevor Jones & Co

Chartered Accountants
Old Bank Chambers
582-586 Kingsbury Road
Erdington
Birmingham
B24 9ND
Date: ......

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

	Notes	Year ended 30 September 2024 £	Period ended 30 September 2023 £
Turnover Cost of sales		324,016 (218,694)	172,508 (140,572)
Gross profit		105,322	31,936
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(98,017) 1,119	(47,399) 4,332
Operating profit/(loss)		8,424	(11,131)
Interest payable and similar expenses		(6)	-
Profit/(loss) before taxation		8,418	(11,131)
Tax on profit/(loss)		-	-
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		8,418 ====	(11,131)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

		2024	1	2023	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Stocks		6,452		9,890	
Debtors	4	7,857		6,637	
Cash at bank and in hand		69,524		64,157	
		83,833		80,684	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	5	(86,446)		(91,715)	
Net current liabilities			(2,613)		(11,031)
			====		====
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Profit and loss reserves	•		(2,713)		(11,131)
Total equity			(2,613)		(11,031)

For the financial year ended 30 September 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Mr P Smith

Director

Company registration number 14500135 (England and Wales)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
Notes	£	£	£
	-	-	-
6	100	(11,131) -	(11,131) 100
	100	(11,131)	(11,031)
		8,418	8,418
	100	(2,713)	(2,613)
	Notes 6	capital  Notes £  - 6 100 100	Capital   loss reserves

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Company information**

DYC (Trading) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Old Bank Chambers, 582-586 Kingsbury Road, Erdington, Birmingham, West Midlands, B24 9ND.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

#### 1.3 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

#### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

				2024 Number	2023 Number
	Total			13 ——	15 
4	Debtors				
	Amounts falling due within one year:			2024 £	2023 £
	Trade debtors			2,048	1,485
	Other debtors			5,809	5,152
				7,857 ———	6,637
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
				2024	2023
				£	£
	Trade creditors			12,529	21,148
	Amounts owed to group undertakings			53,388	52,340
	Taxation and social security			1,698	15,869
	Other creditors			18,831	2,358
				86,446	91,715 ———
6	Called up share capital				
		2024	2023	2024	2023
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid	Number	Number	£	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

7 Parent company
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The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking of Dartmouth Sailing Club (Holdings) Ltd.